

Utah State Medical Association

J. R. MORRELL, M. D., Ogden - - - President
 WILLIAM L. RICH, M. D., Salt Lake - - - Secretary
 W. R. CALDERWOOD, M. D., Associate Editor for Utah

REPORT OF THE TWENTY-NINTH ANNUAL MEETING

The Twenty-ninth annual meeting of the Utah State Medical Association was held at Salt Lake, June 20, 21, 22, 1923, and the program as previously published was carried out. The report of the House of Delegates, including the reports of officers and special committees, is given below:

Noon Meeting, June 20

Meeting called to order by the President, J. C. Landenberger, at 1 p. m.

Roll call of House of Delegates—quorum present.

Minutes of 1922 session were not read inasmuch as a complete report had been printed in Northwest Medicine.

The president appointed F. A. Goeltz, chairman, F. F. Hatch and F. H. Raley as a Reference Committee to pass on all reports of officers and committees.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS

Report of the Secretary, William L. Rich

Since our last annual meeting there have been some important things accomplished by our National organization. Of these, one requires special notice at this time, and that is the organization and publication of a lay medical journal. This magazine is known by the name of "Hygeia" and the subtitle "A Journal of Individual and Community Health."

The editors are the highest type of men in the profession and some of the foremost writers and contributors to medical literature in this country, chief among whom is Dr. Victor C. Vaughn, Ann Arbor, Michigan. His name is known wherever scientific medicine is practiced and wherever preventive medicine has received any consideration. Today these men are busily engaged in translating and simplifying progressive scientific medicine into the language of the laity. Practically all of us at various times are called upon to speak before lay audiences. There never has been in the history of medicine, to this date, a magazine so wonderfully well adapted to assist one in this kind of an endeavor. The articles on hay fever and the mosquito problem in the May issue are of intense interest to both medical and lay readers. I know of no journal or text book where one can get the simple truth so easily and precisely as set forth in this journal.

At the last annual meeting of the secretaries of the component State associations where "Hygeia" was first outlined and announced by Dr. Vaughn, many of the secretaries, in acknowledging Dr. Vaughn's great work, pledged themselves to secure ten subscriptions from each member of their State Association. The secretary from Utah was reticent about making any such promise. In fact, I do not believe I am overestimating when I say that probably not more than a third of our members are even subscribers themselves, much less have secured ten patient subscribers. It is my opinion that we are far behind the other State Associations in appreciation of this magazine and what it will mean to our profession. It is destined to be our strong right arm and our most powerful weapon in combatting quackery and the cults, and unfair and biased treatment in the halls of the legislature, as well as unjust industrial medicine. Every physician and dentist, librarian and school teacher should, for his own good, have a copy of this Journal on his library table.

One other important event in the National organization is the establishment of a bureau of legislation. Dr. William C. Woodward is the chairman. He has a keen legal mind and is recognized as one of the foremost teachers of medical jurisprudence. This department is yet somewhat in the experimental stage; but I trust that we shall finally request and receive medical defense through its functioning.

Every one of you, I am sure, senses the relief it would afford us in this State at the present time if we knew definitely that we might receive proper defense in liability insurance at practically the actual cost of that defense, through a national organization that was strong and powerful. Insurance companies have made and accumulated millions doing this for us, and it now appears they are ready to raise the price so high as to make it almost prohibitive or leave the field entirely. This year there has been appointed a special committee, known as the Committee on Professional Welfare and Ethics, to consider and make recommendations on this problem. I might add that this committee has been wide awake and active and will give you their detailed report.

Our many years' experience with the legislature has not profited us much in ideal legislation and yet there has been something accomplished. The mills of justice grind slowly, skipping a number of cogs at times and letting in a little pollution. The past session of the legislature left us with an organic lesion which, I hope, will not prove serious, and may be compensated for by the unjust bills that were attempted and blocked through the efforts of the Committee on Public Policy and Legislation and their supporters.

The number of component County Societies is six, the same as last year. One of these was suspended for nonpayment of dues and inertia; re-organization and recovery was complete and they are now in good standing. The following table sets forth the details of membership by counties as compared with last year:

Cache Valley	17—a decrease of 3
Carbon County	17—an increase of 2
Salt Lake County	200—same as last year
Uintah County	7 an increase of 1
Utah County	31—a decrease of 5
Weber County	44—an increase of 5

making a grand total of 316, the same as last year.

There has been closer co-operation between the majority of the component county societies this year than ever before. To the president of the Salt Lake County Society is largely due the credit for arranging meetings of the officers of this association with Weber County and Utah County, and inviting these county societies to be the guests of the officers of both the local and State Associations at dinners, and at the regular meetings of the Salt Lake County Society. If the regular meeting had come in the fall, as is usual, I am sure we could have reported a visit to Cache Valley and Carbon County Societies, as that was our intention. This practice should be encouraged and the Secretary recommends that the officers of this Association visit all component County Societies at least once a year, with the possible exception of the Uintah County Society.

You are all aware of the action taken at the last meeting of the House of Delegates regarding the advisability of transferring our State journal from Northwest Medicine to California State Journal. The matter was placed by this body in the hands of the Council to complete arrangements and the transfer is now about completed. We shall begin with the August issue of the California State Journal and our papers and transactions will be published in that journal this year and each member in good standing should receive a copy of that journal each month. The president, on the advice of the Council, has appointed Dr.

W. R. Calderwood to act as associate editor for the coming year.

The amendment to our by-laws regarding a president elect is to be voted on, the notice having been published twice—once in Northwest Medicine and in the present program.

The following officers are to be elected: president, and three vice-presidents, president-elect; secretary, three-year term; treasurer, councilor from the First District, three-year term.

Report of the Treasurer, F. L. Peterson From September 1, 1922, to June 20, 1923

Receipts	
1922	
Sept. 1—Balance in bank	\$ 400.86
Sept. 2—From Harlow Brooks Course....	\$ 650.00
Oct. 19—Utah County Medical Society....	24.00
Oct. 19—Banquet Committee	4.00
Nov. 11—Salt Lake County Med. Society..	120.00
Dec. 20—Salt Lake County Med. Society..	80.00
1923	
Apr. 2—Salt Lake County Med. Society..	800.00
Apr. 2—Cache Valley Medical Society....	136.00
May 3—Utah County Medical Society....	56.00
May 3—Utah County Medical Society....	240.00
May 3—Weber County Medical Society....	360.00
May 11—Salt Lake County Med. Society..	712.00
May 12—Carbon County Medical Society..	40.00
May 12—Carbon County Medical Society..	48.00
June 11—Carbon County Medical Society..	32.00
June 13—Carbon County Medical Society..	8.00
June 19—Salt Lake County Med. Society..	48.00
June 19—Coupons from bonds.....	12.75
	\$3,370.75 3,370.75

Total Receipts for the year.....\$3,771.61

Disbursements	
1922	
Sept. 23—Northwest Medicine, 12 members from Carbon Co.	\$ 12.00
Sept. 26—Hotel Utah, expenses of guests.....	43.30
Sept. 27—Harlow Brooks Fund, trans. to savings account No. 22697, at 4% interest....	650.00
Oct. 5—Gardiner Printing Co., 200 tickets.....	3.00
Oct. 12—Gardiner Printing Co., 750 letterheads....	10.75
Oct. 12—Billings Stenographic Service, copying 3 medical papers Harlow Brooks, reporting meeting, political letters, Hurd's paper, etc.	100.72
Oct. 12—Pembroke Co., tags.....	1.90
Oct. 12—F. L. Peterson, salary, stamps, stationery, etc.	27.75
Oct. 16—Wm. L. Rich, salary, stamps, phones, trip to Logan—Council	197.33
Oct. 25—Utah Savings & Trust Co., 200 checks printed and bound, 2 volumes.....	20.00
Oct. 27—Salt Lake Stamp Co., changing seal....	3.50
Nov. 7—F. G. Dust Co., binding 6 records of transactions of Utah State Medical Association	10.50
Dec. 11—Billings Stenographic Service, letters....	14.17
Dec. 19—James H. Wallis, legislative work.....	100.00
1923	
Jan. 17—Billings Stenographic Service, miscellaneous	27.17
Jan. 17—Century Printing Co., 500 lists of legislators	9.50
Jan. 22—Earl M. Crandall, surety bond.....	2.50
Apr. 2—James H. Wallis, work in Legislature...	200.00
Apr. 2—Cheney, Jensen & Holman, law work on Medical Practice Act.....	150.00
Apr. 2—Billings Stenographic Service, March invoices	56.56
Apr. 2—Ray & Rawlings, legislative work, Medical Practice Act.....	150.00
May 26—Billings Stenographic Service, May invoice	32.14
June 4—Gardiner Printing Co., 700 programs....	57.50
June 16—Billings Stenographic Service.....	34.30
June 16—Northwest Medicine, subscription six months for 297 members at \$1 per year	148.50
June 16—Gardiner Printing Co., 200 tickets.....	2.50
June 16—Weber County Medical Society, refund dues for Dr. Wach.....	8.00
	Total Disbursements.....\$2,073.59

Balance on hand in bank Sept. 1, 1922....\$ 400.86
Receipts from Sept. 1, 1922, to June 19, 1923

Total Receipts

Disbursements from Sept. 1, 1922, to June 19, 1923.....

Balance in bank June 19, 1923.....

Harlow Brooks Fund in Savings Account No. 22697

Total in savings and checking accounts....

I also carry for the association three \$100 bonds of the Second Liberty Loan of the United States, converted 4½ per cent Gold bonds of 1927-1942, with coupons attached, from November 15, 1923, to November 15, 1942.

Report of the Council, G. L. Rees, Chairman

Since our meeting of a year ago the Council has met in Salt Lake City four times. At these meetings many matters pertaining to the welfare of this Association were discussed and the major part acted upon.

The following are considered of sufficient importance to deserve special mention:

1. At the present time our fiscal year begins in April, while that of the American Medical Association begins in January. Therefore, we suggest that, beginning January 1, 1924, this Association should make their fiscal year correspond to the calendar year, even though at a cost of confusion for one year. By so doing we not only conform to the wishes of the American Medical Association, but simplify matters for our own secretary.

2. At our last State meeting it was suggested we use the California State Journal of Medicine as our official organ, instead of Northwest Medicine. The House of Delegates referred this matter to the Council to investigate, with power to act. After much deliberation we have unanimously decided the best interests of the members of the Utah State Medical Association can be obtained through the adoption of the California State Journal of Medicine, which is recognized as an ideal medical journal, and was so exhibited at a recent meeting of the American Medical Association. Therefore, commencing with August of this year, you will receive your first issue of this magazine.

With this change goes also the appointment of an associate editor, and, after counsel with your president, we have chosen a man whom we feel will fill this position in a creditable manner for this Association, and we trust the secretaries of the component county societies will feel free to furnish the associate editor with all locals which will be of interest to the medical profession.

3. There seems to be a few members of the Association who do not understand that Northwest Medicine, or from now on the California State Journal of Medicine, comes without expense to everyone who pays his or her State dues. Some not knowing this have left the paper in the post-office to be returned, feeling that if they accepted it they would later receive a bill for it. If it should be you are not receiving it, communicate with the secretary of the State Society at once.

4. The Council urges the adoption of a resolution by the House of Delegates, as suggested by Dr. William E. Woodward of the Bureau of Legal Medicine and Legislation of the American Medical Association, voicing our objection to the education of our ex-service men in chiropractic and other cultdom at government expense.

5. The House of Delegates, acting on the recommendation of the Committee on Public Policy and Legislation, provided \$1000 for legislative matters by the increase of annual dues. Of this amount about \$750 has been expended, the largest items being as follows:

(a) For services in aiding the adoption of proper amendments to the Medical Practice Act and helping to defeat any and all acts antagonistic to the best interests of the medical profession of the State.....\$300.00

(b) According to your wishes, the proposed amendments were subjected to the criticism of two of the leading men in the legal profession to see if they would be constitutional if adopted. These two men, namely, Attorney Rawlins and Judge Stevens, were paid \$150 each, a total of..... 300.00

(c) For stenographic and clerical work, circulars, etc. 150.00

Total.....\$750.00

As you are aware, the bill passed is not by any means an ideal bill. Had we not made the expenditures enumerated above, conditions might have been even worse.

SPECIAL REPORTS BY COUNCILORS

Hughes of the Third District reports all societies under his jurisdiction as working in harmony. Hampton, of the Second District, reports all active, harmonious, and progressive. G. L. Rees of the First District reported that the constituent societies have had a successful year. The Cache Valley Medical Society in general, and I in particular, resent the report given by the chairman of the Council of a year ago, and which report was accepted by the House of Delegates, for the following reasons:

1. It was a personal report given by an individual member of the Council, never read to other members of the Council, nor were we asked to concur in the report.

2. That the by-laws of this Association distinctly state that each councilor shall report the condition of his own district, a right denied the councilor of the First District, even the right to file a minority report.

3. That the charges made against the Cache Valley Medical Society are not facts but prejudices of the mind.

4. That only evil can come from such a report, for it is only aimed to create contention between the State Association and a component society.

5. That before any suggestion is made to withdraw any society's charter it should be accorded a proper hearing, and if it is not satisfied with the decision it still has the right to appeal to the Council of the American Medical Association.

Cache Valley has an enrollment of 87½ per cent of all physicians in the valley, only three physicians not being members. One of these three has never applied for membership, one was denied admission, and one was expelled for unethical conduct after having twice been admitted.

Cache Valley has good meetings, high average attendance, programs of the very best scientific type, the very highest ideals ethically and professionally; in fact, we deem it an honor to belong to the Cache Valley Medical Society, for to do so signifies that we are in every respect men. If you are in doubt as to this, ask the members of this Society who have visited our society and read papers before it during the last two years.

President Landenberger gave a short oral report, covering three items that are at present prominent with the Association:

1. Malpractice suits.
2. Political situation.
3. Education of the public.

He stated that malpractice suits have increased greatly, and our witnesses may have a serious effect in increasing them still more; that Dr. Kirtley, the chairman of the Committee on Professional Welfare and Ethics, would report this item in detail.

Political Situation: Three important things—first, the interpretation of the present law by the State; second, enforcement of the present law by the State; third, what our political course should be in the future.

Our Legislative Committee should be increased—three men not enough; there should be a dozen, and he suggested that the house do something to enlarge the committee.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Committee on Public Policy and Legislation, G. W. Middleton, Chairman

Your committee began early in the season to hold meetings, and put forth a great deal of effort to have the bill of the previous Legislature so amended that it would be constitutional. Competent attorneys were employed to draw up the bill and to analyze it in detail, that we might not find ourselves defeated again by defects which would raise the question of constitutionality. Letters were sent out to many prospective Representatives and Senators to learn their views in advance, and letters

were sent to each State Association to learn what their experience had been with medical legislation. Nearly all of these letters were answered, and it seemed that the prospects were good to accomplish what we wanted.

A competent man was employed to follow the bill through, and many meetings were arranged with committees of the House and the Senate; in fact, a great effort was put forth by your committee to carry out the wishes of the State Association.

From the first we found ourselves confronted by a large lobby, which carried on the opposition fight with great zeal. Telegrams poured in from reputable citizens in every direction, and under the influence of this popular demand we found legislators on whom we had banked swayed to the side of the so-called drugless healers and ready to agree to any compromise that would meet the popular demand.

Out of the wreck of the plan we were trying to work through for the benefit of all, there materialized a bill which gives each of the main cults their own examining board, but which establishes certain standards of education graduated according to the years of graduation. For all these cults which received certificates of training in their particular institutions since March 4, 1907, a preliminary four-year high school course is required, and if graduated after January 1, 1917, an additional year of college work is added. The actual hours of study for the various drugless healers in institutions teaching their particular system are graduated upward until the year 1926, after which they will all have to show certificates of a four-years' course.

Your committee regrets they cannot make a better showing in the line of this important duty which you entrusted to them, but at the same time we assure you that we put forth an heroic effort to do our full duty.

Sub-Committee on Public Policy and Legislation, John Z. Brown, Chairman

This sub-committee was appointed to assist the general committee in its work with the public and the Legislature in bringing about the present Medical Practice Act. The new law takes the regulation and enforcement of this act out of the hands of medical men and places it under an impartial board with a director of registration in charge. While there are features in this law that are not desirable, we feel that a great deal was accomplished.

Because of the persistent activity of healers and cults, our observation has been that the public and the members of our lawmaking bodies always look with suspicion on any public health measure that is sponsored by the medical profession. Every year bills are introduced in the Legislatures of the different States to place the uneducated healer on a par with the physician. When the healer finally receives State recognition he will not stop. He will assail and attack the established institutions that now protect the people, such as vaccination, and county and State health departments. Scientific medicine is always being assailed. Some say it has a heavy and constant burden to carry.

In the midst of all this contention we sometimes wonder if it would be a good thing for us to use our influence to abolish all medical practice acts and all medical laws that are now on the statute books, and let the people have what they want. In the meantime, we can limit our activities solely to the education of the public in health matters which so vitally concern them.

Report of the Committee on Arrangements, W. N. Pugh, Chairman

The Arrangement Committee wishes to state that arrangements for the annual banquet have been made with the Hotel Utah. Every courtesy and accommodation possible has been extended, and we are sure they will do their best to take care of us.

REPORTS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEES

Committee on Education and Post-Graduate Work,
H. L. Marshall, Chairman; A. C. Callister and
T. A. Flood, Members of Committee

Your present committee on graduate work was very favorably impressed with the short course given under the auspices of the State Society last year by Harlow Brooks of New York City. It seemed advisable to perpetuate the practice as established last year, and arrangements are now well under way for another clinical course of a week's duration to be held in this city during the latter half of August. It was at first believed that a time just before or immediately after our local convention would be opportune. But further thought convinced us that many of our members would be getting ready to leave for, or would just be returning from, the national convention, and it was decided to conduct the graduate instruction during the quieter time of late August. Specific announcement of all details will shortly be mailed to all members of the Society. In looking forward to the problem of graduate work in the future, we believe that the field is immensely important and practically unexplored. There is probably no other branch of science moving faster today than medical science. And there is no branch of science in which the participant has greater need to keep fully abreast of the field. The accepted and probably the best means of doing this for the physician is by going frequently, perhaps yearly, to the great medical centers for instruction.

But because of our isolation, medically speaking here in Utah, and the trying nature of a physician's work, it is safe to say that the average practitioner does not and probably cannot keep pace with the art and the science of medicine by this means. Some partial substitute must be sought. And naturally, when any considerable body of people finds it impossible to go to education, the first alternative is to bring education to them.

Precisely this is being done on a large scale in connection with other highly specialized fields, and the machinery for doing it in most States is well established in our large educational institutions. This in our opinion is the way in which the matter may well be handled here in the future. A State medical society is not primarily an educational institution, nor is it specially organized to conduct courses of instruction. Better than anyone else, however, it does know what instruction it wants. The State University is an educational institution, organized for instruction, and is already carrying instruction of a general nature to thousands of people, and highly specialized instruction to many technical groups. Furthermore the University of Utah is an integral part of the State machinery, maintained to serve the educational needs of the State, and is not in the business for a profit. It seems entirely feasible in the future for the Committee on Graduate Work of the State Medical Association to act in an advisory capacity with the State University in planning graduate instruction in medicine during the summer months, not only in Salt Lake City, but in any community within a day's travel where an enrollment of a dozen to fifteen men can be secured. The services of some of the best clinical teachers of medicine in the country could probably be enlisted for the work. Many such men are on a full time teaching basis at the large medical schools and are comparatively unoccupied during the summer months. The three larger cities of Utah—Salt Lake, Ogden, and Provo, for instance, are so situated that a course meeting every third day might given simultaneously by one instructor, and later, cities farther out might be included as the required number is secured.

Your committee understands that the University is ready and willing to develop such a plan with the approval and co-operation of the State Association, and is willing also to undertake the finan-

cial responsibility. Those of you who have read the issue of the Journal of the American Medical Association for June 9, 1923, will recognize the fact that many of the foregoing suggestions are already being worked out in the State of North Carolina by the State University and the medical profession. North Carolina has gone further in this respect than any other State in the Union. It so happens that the Director of Extension here at our own State University has been in close personal touch and conference with the Director of Extension at the University of North Carolina while the plan there has been developing. Investigation in the direction of the foregoing suggestions is heartily recommended to the State Association and to its incoming Committee on Graduate Work.

President Landenberger stated that George Thomas, president of the University of Utah, in his talk at the Scientific Session this morning, had brought up a very important matter—that of the Medical School of the University. President Thomas said:

"Gentlemen of the Utah State Medical Association: I am very happy to meet with you this morning, and it is unnecessary for me to say to you that you are right welcome here on this campus. We are happy to have you with us, and we want to do everything we can to make your sojourn here pleasant. If things are not to your liking, if you will only say the word, we shall be glad to make them so.

"I am going to take the few minutes allotted to me to discuss with you the question of the Medical School of the University of Utah. The Utah Medical School has received considerable criticism from the medical fraternity of the State. Some of this may have been justified, but we are now reorganizing, with a view of overcoming as many of these just criticisms as we can. I know that many of you feel that the Medical School of the University should be abolished. I myself shared in that feeling, and last winter went to Chicago to interview the officers of the Council on Medical Education, with a view of obtaining a recommendation that the school be closed. Instead of supporting such a program, Dr. Bevan and Dr. Colwell opposed closing the school. On the contrary, they urged that we look forward in the near future to the establishment of a four-year medical school.

"So if this school is to continue, it will be because the officials of the American Medical Association are urging that the school continue. And I feel that if your officials urge such a program that we have a right to ask the doctors of the State of Utah to support us in such a program. I ask you gentlemen, in the course of your business transactions, to appoint an educational committee to investigate the school and make such recommendations as they feel necessary in order to make the school what it should be.

"We should co-operate. We want to open these laboratories to the use of the doctors of Utah. This is your school, as citizens of the State, and I feel it is your duty to co-operate with us to make it a satisfactory institution, so that you can encourage the boys of the State to do their first two years' work here. If we cannot make the school such as to receive the support of the majority of the doctors of this State, then it appears to me that there is only one thing to do and that is to close it up. I believe, however, before that thing is done, and in view of the fact that it is your officials who are urging that the school be kept open, that we are entitled to your co-operation, so that we can have you work with us to do the best we can before we consider discontinuing it.

"We are spending nearly a thousand dollars a student in the maintenance of this school. We should have more money, but it is impossible for us to get it if you men scattered throughout the State assume an unfriendly attitude toward the in-

stitution. May I ask, therefore, for your co-operation and friendly criticism and the appointment of an educational committee, so that they can go over the work with a view of improving it and making it better? I am satisfied that if we will get together on it, we can make the institution such as you gentlemen will be willing to support.

"In closing, may I again repeat that you are welcome to our campus. We want to do everything that we can to make it pleasant for you, and we invite you to return again next year."

President Landenberger: In reference to President Thomas' report, I believe that we ought to do something immediately. Upon unanimous consent, the president appointed the following as a committee to confer with President Thomas: R. R. Hampton, chairman; F. A. Goeltz, H. P. Kirtley, Clarence Snow, J. R. Morrell, E. F. Root, and D. C. Budge. The president urged the component county societies to see that their delegates or alternates were all present. Whereupon, the meeting adjourned, upon motion duly made, seconded, and carried.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES

June 21, 1923. Meeting called to order at 1 p. m. by President Landenberger.

Roll call of House of Delegates; quorum present.

President Landenberger announced that reports not given yesterday would be given at this meeting.

Committee on Health and Public Instruction, F. H. Raley, Chairman

The Committee on Health and Public Instruction reports that it has held no meetings during the past year. The reason for not calling this committee together is that there were so many other committees engaged in similar efforts, it seemed to the chairman a duplication of effort for this committee to attempt any program.

Report of Committee on Necrology, D. L. Barnard, Secretary

(Read by the secretary in Dr. Barnard's absence.)

The Association is to be congratulated that no more of our number have passed to the beyond since the last report of the Committee on Necrology.

Albert S. Bower died March 31, 1923, in California, at the age of 67. Dr. Bower was born in Indiana in 1852. He was graduated from Jefferson Medical College in 1882 and was licensed in Utah in 1893. Soon after coming to this State he became associated with Dr. Hamilton, once a famous figure in Salt Lake. He was intimately connected with St. Mark's Hospital, for years filling a staff position. He was the sixth president of the Utah State Medical Association, serving in 1900. Most of you remember Dr. Bower's untiring activity, which, indeed, was a happy qualification for one following his chosen specialty of obstetrics.

About two years ago Dr. Bower discontinued his practice in Salt Lake and moved to California, where he lived to the time of his death. For the past two years Dr. Bower has not been a member of this State Association, but he was one of us for so long and was so well known that we beg leave to present the following resolution:

Be it resolved, that the Utah State Medical Association desires to express its regret over the passing of its one-time president, Dr. Albert S. Bower. His genial personality, his intense activity, his interest in his work, are traits that stamp him not dimly upon our memories. But, perhaps, his most pleasing characteristic was his friendliness toward young physicians, and many may be here who remember words of encouragement extended them in their beginnings by this our friend.

To his family this Association extends its sympathy, and our secretary is hereby instructed to communicate this resolution to them and to spread same upon the minutes of the Association.

Report of Committee on Gorgas Memorial, Spencer Wright, Chairman

(Read by the secretary in Dr. Wright's absence.)

Early last fall, after the assignment to the committee, we wrote Charles L. Richardson, chairman of the National Committee on the Gorgas Memorial in Washington, D. C., for information regarding our task. When no reply was received to this letter some months later, we wrote Olin West, secretary of the American Medical Association at Chicago, telling him we were unable to get any advice on the subject and to please help us out, unless the plan had been abandoned. Dr. West replied to the effect that he would take the matter up and advise us of any action our Association should take. To date we have not received a second letter from Dr. West, so we suppose the matter of the Gorgas Memorial has been dropped, at least so far as State societies are concerned.

Committee on Industrial Medicine, S. D. Calonge, Chairman

The report I am presenting is a classified report of the injuries and cases handled by the committee—Dr. Allen, Dr. Ward, and myself—while we were acting as medical committee with the Industrial Commission. If any of you wish to look this map over to see the number of cases coming under each classification, you are at liberty to do so. There were 228 cases handled on which we were asked to estimate the percentage of disability, either permanent or total. Sixty-one were accompanied by X-ray of present or previous conditions. We also handled and assisted in adjusting 160 disputed bills between insurance companies and physicians. These disputed bills were in nearly every case due to the fact that the requirements of the committee were misunderstood, not because the doctors had padded their bills. Since the time a special committee was appointed there has been no trouble.

Recommendations: That the committees appointed for this work serve four months. They have always served without any pay whatsoever. The Industrial Commission admits it could not carry on its work without our aid, and therefore the doctors should be paid for this work. Some arrangements should be made for a new fee bill. The Industrial Committee called upon the insurance companies to accept the fees that were allotted. One of the most important things this committee was able to help put over was that when a doctor is summoned before the Industrial Commission he is allowed an expert's fee for that service. The Industrial Committee had previously subpoenaed them, but did not pay them. They now refuse to subpoena any doctor unless the insurance companies will pay them an expert's fee. I shall read this classified report to the officers of the Association, and it may be interesting to you to see the different classifications that come under this work.

Examinations Made by Medical Advisory Committee, Composed of Dr. S. D. Colonge, Chairman; Drs. D. K. Allen and W. T. Ward, for the Industrial Commission of Utah.

FRACTURES

Head	3
Shoulder	4
Arm	3
Forearm	11
Spine	21
Chest	14
Pelvic	8
Leg	6
Lower leg	12
Ankle	7
Foot	4
Knee	4
Thigh	1

AMPUTATIONS

Finger	12
Leg	1
Lower leg	1

HEART

Heart 1

OTHER INJURIES

Head 10

Eye 6

Ear 4

Nose 1

Facial 4

Neck 1

Shoulder 2

Back 17

Chest 3

Abdominal 10

Arm 9

Hand 7

Thigh 12

Leg 9

Foot 14

Nerve 4

X-RAY READINGS

61

INFECTIONS

Rheumatic 1

Others 6

NERVOUS CONDITIONS

5

Total 238

X-rays 61

Medical and surgical bills adjusted..... 106

Examinations made 71

Re-examinations made 16

This does not include opinions on medical bills.

Dr. Black: Is there any provision made by the Commission to take care of the fee recommended by your committee?

Dr. Calonge: Absolutely none. The members of this committee are required to spend half a day a week at this work, and there is hardly a week when we don't have to spend two or three hours in our own offices in work for the Commission. The Commission is in favor of having some provision made for payment of the doctors, but are not in a position to do it themselves; so they want the profession to take some action.

Dr. Landenberger: What do you recommend, and what does the Industrial Commission recommend?

Dr. Calonge: That the Medical Association appoint a committee to work with the Legislature to have proper provision made for the payment of the physicians of this State, and that the committee be kept in this Association and be not allowed to get into politics.

Dr. Black presented the following resolution:

Resolved, that a special committee from the Utah State Medical Association be appointed to confer with the present members of the State Industrial Commission as to means of providing payment for services rendered by the medical committee to the State Industrial Commission; and we recommend the present medical committee as members of this special committee, Dr. Calonge to act as chairman. Motion seconded and unanimously carried.

Committee on Lay Publication and Betterment League, A. A. Kerr, Chairman; W. L. Lindsay, W. G. Schulte, Clarence Snow, R. R. Hampton and W. A. Colton, Members.

The committee met four or five times during the present year. The matter of lay publications and an official publication for the Utah State Medical Association were discussed. The California plan was described and recommended by A. C. Behle, former president of the Utah State Association. The utilization of the Utah Public Health Association and its publication was suggested by J. C. Landenberger. The difficulty encountered by this committee in making definite arrangements for publication in the lay press or through an official organ of the State Association lay in the lack of proper authority and financial support. During the small-pox epidemic in Salt Lake City, the local press co-operated with this committee in giving out in-

formation in regard to vaccination and other methods of prevention. After one year's work and some thought on this subject, the committee has the following to recommend for the furtherance of health education:

1. Co-operation with organizations already in existence, such as State Board of Health, City Boards of Health in various communities, the United States Public Health Service, Dental Societies, Pharmacists, Nurses' Organizations, and all related societies.

2. As methods for health education, we recommend that whenever feasible the lay press be utilized for dissemination of medical data in simplified language.

3. That if funds are available, the State Medical Association publish a monthly health bulletin to be distributed in the various communities of the State.

4. As methods of educating the public in health matters, we endorse the work of the local community clinic under the auspices of the County Medical Society; the work of the traveling clinic as conducted by Major Knight and Warren A. Colton in the interests and prevention of tuberculosis, and the discovery of active cases in the State under the direction of the United States Public Health Service; the work of Dr. Barber in maternity welfare work through funds provided by the Federal Government and under direction of the State Health Department; the conduct of health shows similar to that held in this city, June 6 to 10, 1923, under the leadership of St. Clair Drake. We recommend that, if feasible, this show be repeated from year to year, and that physicians take a more active part in the conduct of such shows. We endorse the work of the American College of Surgeons in standardization of hospitals throughout the United States.

5. We invite the advice and co-operation of all organizations interested in public health publications and education, and in this connection we endorse the A. M. A. publication "Hygeia."

New Business

J. R. Morrell brought up the matter of the Northwest Medical Convention being held at the same time our meeting is held, stating he had received letters from that body asking that we work with them in making the Northwest convention a success and not hold our meetings in conflict with theirs, because if the A. M. A. is districted as has been proposed, Utah would likely be affiliated with the Northwest.

Dr. J. E. Tyree also spoke along this same line, the main discussion being whether Utah would affiliate with the California States or the Northwest States. The discussion resulted in Dr. Morrell moving that a committee be appointed to investigate this matter and make recommendations to the house. Motion seconded and carried unanimously. The chair appointed J. R. Morrell, J. J. Galligan and John S. Sharp as this committee.

The matter of the various cults making use of the Medical Caduceus was brought up by John Z. Brown with the suggestion that this insignia should be protected, if possible. Dr. Raley moved that a committee be appointed to take this matter up with the A. M. A. to see if the caduceus is copyrighted and to find out if this insignia is really being used by those who are not entitled to it. Seconded and carried unanimously. The chair appointed L. J. Paul, J. O. Evans and T. C. Gibson to act as this committee. Dr. Goeltz brought up the matter of delegates and alternates, stating he could find nothing in either the State or county society by-laws that would be a guide on just how these alternates should be seated. He moved that a standing committee be appointed to be called the Credentials Committee, to be composed of three members and the secretary; that this committee should pass on all credentials and bring recommendations to this house as to how the work should be carried on.

Seconded and carried unanimously. The chair appointed F. A. Goeltz, D. K. Allen and T. A. Flood as the Credentials Committee.

Dr. Landenberger announced that an amendment to the constitution and by-laws had been proposed at the last meeting; that it had been published in Northwest Medicine and also in the program, and was to be voted on at this meeting. Adoption of the amendment required a two-thirds vote of the house. The proposed amendment was then duly read as follows:

Article IX, Section 1. The officers of this Association shall be a president, a president-elect, three vice-presidents, a secretary, a treasurer, and three councilors. Vote on this amendment was taken and carried unanimously.

Dr. Kirtley read the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Resolved, that this Association hereby extends to President Thomas and his associates in the University our very grateful thanks for the many courtesies extended to us during our 1923 session. The perfection of the arrangements made for our convenience and comfort, the co-operation of the campus personnel, and the generous use of the University's equipment have made this our most successful meeting, and our appreciation is both enthusiastic and unanimous. Seconded by Dr. John Z. Brown and carried unanimously.

Dr. Kirtley brought up the matter of paying dues of "life" members of the County Society to the State Association, stating that the County Societies would like relief, inasmuch as the State dues had been raised from \$2 to \$8 within the past few years. Dr. Hatch suggested that this matter be handled by the Finance Committee when the re-adjusted budget was planned. The chair informed the house that the Council was the Finance Committee and this matter could be handled by them. He asked that a resolution be drawn up in writing and a report be made at the next meeting of the house.

Report of the Delegate to A. M. A., E. M. Neher, Delegate

At our meeting last fall we reported the proceedings of the American Medical Association convention held at St. Louis. This year's meeting takes place next week at San Francisco.

Since our last meeting we had a letter from the speaker of the House of Delegates, asking us for suggestions and criticisms. The contents of this letter were sent to the president of the State Association, asking for instructions to your delegate. Up to date no formal reply has been received.

However, we wrote a letter to the speaker of the House of Delegates, offering the following suggestions:

1. That 80 per cent of the doctors of Utah had declared in favor of the American Medical Association carrying the liability insurance of its members.

2. The profession in our State recognizes both advantages and disadvantages of dividing the country into sections for the purpose of holding mid-year meetings, but we felt the majority were in favor of holding such meetings.

3. We proposed that the House of Delegates, through its Educational Committee, use its influence in having a short course in medical ethics and medical psychology given by our medical colleges.

Report of the Reference Committee, F. A. Goeltz, Chairman

Your Reference Committee, composed of F. F. Hatch, F. H. Raley and myself, have carefully gone over all the reports made at this meeting, and desire to make the following report:

That we accept the report of the secretary, William L. Rich.

That the report of the treasurer be accepted as read.

We ask that the report of the Council be divided into two sections—the complete report of the Council, and reports by each of the councilors. (At this

point some discussion took place regarding Dr. Rees' report on the Cache Valley Society, and Dr. Rees was asked to re-read his report, which he did.) That we accept the report of the Council and the reports of each councilor, as read by Dr. Rees. Regarding the suggestion by the Council that the fiscal year be changed from April to January, if this change is made it would necessitate a change in the constitution and by-laws, and we therefore suggest that this matter be referred back to the Council for reconsideration.

That the report of the president be accepted.

That the report of the Committee on Public Policy and Legislation be accepted, also the report of the sub-committee on Public Policy and Legislation, with a vote of thanks for the work accomplished by these committees.

That the report of the Committee on Professional Welfare and Ethics be accepted, but that the report be not published with the proceedings of this meeting, and that a copy of this report be forwarded to each of the secretaries of the component county societies.

That we accept the report of the Committee on Education and Post-Graduate Work, H. L. Marshall, chairman.

That we accept the report of the Committee on Arrangements, W. N. Pugh, chairman.

That the work of the Committee on Scientific Work, Ernest Van Cott, chairman, speaks for itself, as all who have attended the scientific meetings know.

That the matter brought up by President Thomas of the University be given immediate attention.

That the report of the Committee on Health and Public Instruction be accepted, also the report of the Committee on Necrology, and the report of the Committee on the Gorgas Memorial.

That we accept the report of Dr. Calonge, chairman of the Committee on Industrial Medicine, also the report of the Committee on Lay Publication on Betterment League, A. A. Kerr, chairman.

Moved by L. J. Paul, duly seconded and unanimously carried, that the report of the Reference Committee be accepted.

Third Session—June 22, 1923

Meeting called to order by the president at 1 p. m.

Minutes of meeting of the 21st read, and, with one exception, approved as read.

The matter of seating delegates was the first order of business. Roll was called and those delegates not present were replaced with duly qualified and elected alternates, the alternates taking the place of the delegates in the order of their appearance on the roll in the program.

President Landenberger announced that the annual election would now take place; that the House of Delegates was to elect a president, three vice-presidents, a president-elect, a secretary (three-year term), a treasurer, and a councilor for the first district (three-year term); that the voting would be by ballot.

President: H. Y. Richards nominated J. R. Morrell.

E. R. Dumke nominated E. M. Conroy.

Moved, seconded and carried that nominations close.

Ballot taken, with the following result: Morrell 19, Conroy 18.

Moved by E. R. Dumke, duly seconded and carried, that the vote for Morrell be made unanimous, which was done; thereupon, the secretary declared J. R. Morrell elected as president for the ensuing year.

President-elect: B. W. Black nominated Sol G. Kahn.

Joseph Hughes nominated D. C. Budge.

F. F. Hatch nominated J. W. Aird. (Dr. Aird declined, as he had been president one term.)

Ballot taken, with the result that Dr. Kahn received 20 votes, Budge 17.

Moved by Dr. Budge that Dr. Kahn's election be made unanimous. Seconded and carried unanimously. Whereupon, the secretary announced that Dr. Kahn was elected president-elect.

First Vice-President: R. R. Hampton nominated L. B. Laker of Eureka.

John Z. Brown moved that nominations close, and that the rules be suspended and Dr. Laker be elected by acclamation, the secretary being instructed to cast the entire vote of the House of Delegates for Dr. Laker. Seconded and unanimously carried; thereupon, the secretary announced that Dr. Laker was elected first vice-president.

Second Vice-President: C. L. Shields nominated T. C. Gibson.

Moved by Raley that nominations close, and that the rules be suspended and the secretary be instructed to cast the vote of the house for Dr. Gibson. Seconded and carried; whereupon, the secretary announced that Dr. Gibson was elected second vice-president to serve for the ensuing year.

Third Vice-President: E. G. Hughes nominated Homer E. Rich of Vernal.

There being no further nominations, the secretary was instructed to cast the vote of the house, and Homer E. Rich was declared elected third vice-president for the ensuing year.

Secretary: W. G. Schulte nominated William E. Rich, and moved that nominations close and the secretary be instructed to cast the vote of the House of Delegates for Dr. Rich. This motion was duly seconded and carried unanimously, and the president announced Dr. Rich unanimously elected as secretary for a three-year term.

Treasurer: F. H. Raley nominated the present treasurer, F. L. Peterson.

There being no further nominations, the secretary was instructed to cast the vote of the entire house for Dr. Peterson; whereupon, he was announced as having been elected.

Councilor for the First District: H. G. Richards of Ogden nominated W. E. Whalen.

E. G. Hughes nominated G. L. Rees.

Ballot taken, with the result that Dr. Whalen received 19 votes and Dr. Rees 17.

Dr. Rees moved that Dr. Whalen's nomination be made unanimous. Motion seconded and carried unanimously; whereupon, the secretary announced that Dr. Whalen was elected as councilor of the First District for the ensuing year.

The president announced the result of the election as follows:

President.....J. R. Morrell, Ogden
President-elect.....Sol G. Kahn, Salt Lake
First vice-president.....L. B. Laker, Eureka
Second vice-president.....T. C. Gibson, Salt Lake
Third vice-president.....Homer E. Rich, Vernal
Councilor, First District....W. E. Whalen, Ogden
Secretary (three-year term)....Wm. L. Rich, Salt Lake
Treasurer.....F. L. Peterson, Salt Lake

The following letter was read by E. M. Neher:

House of Delegates,
Utah Medical Association.

Gentlemen: We find it is impossible for us to represent your Association at the San Francisco meeting of the American Medical Association, so we respectfully tender our resignation as delegate to said meeting.

Thanking you for the honor, we remain,

Very sincerely,

(Signed) E. M. Neher,

Augustus C. Behle, Alternate.

Moved by H. P. Kirtley, seconded by John Z. Brown, that we accept the resignations of E. M. Neher as delegate to A. M. A., and Augustus C. Behle as alternate, for the coming convention of the A. M. A. at San Francisco. Unanimously carried.

Moved by F. A. Goeltz, seconded by T. A. Flood, that William L. Rich be appointed delegate to the

A. M. A. to represent the Utah State Medical Association at the coming convention of the A. M. A. at San Francisco. Motion unanimously carried.

The following resolution was read by the secretary:

Resolution on the Training of Disabled Soldiers in Chiropractic

Whereas, It is noted that certain veterans of the World War are being trained by the Federal Government with the employment objective as chiropractors; and

Whereas, The schools teaching this particular type of training accept the prospective trainees without having sufficient preliminary training to enable them to intelligently pursue courses of instruction in the healing art, and that the courses of instruction taken to qualify them to practice this branch of the healing art are not based upon scientific principles; and

Whereas, Inadequately trained men who may be licensed to practice the healing art prey upon the ills of humanity; therefore be it

Resolved, That the House of Delegates of the Utah State Medical Association, in annual session assembled, representing more than three hundred (300) of the legally qualified physicians of the State of Utah, adequately trained in the arts and sciences (the only foundation for the recognition, control and prevention of disease), petition the United States Government, particularly those officers charged with the responsibility for the rehabilitation of disabled ex-service men, to take such action in the interests of the welfare of all the people and also for the protection of those who honestly desire to administer to the sick, to the end that the ex-soldiers seeking vocational training which will fit them for ministering to the sick and aiding in the recognition, control and prevention of disease, shall at least meet the requirements and shall receive such adequate training as is defined in the classification of medical schools of the American Medical Association, known as Class A, or acceptable medical schools—a standard which is approved by all right-thinking people moved by a desire for public welfare; and be it further

Resolved, That we petition those officers directly concerned, that there be no more training of ex-service men in any cult at this time or in the future that does not conform to the requirements of Class A colleges as defined by the American Medical Association.

That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the director of the U. S. Veterans' Bureau, Washington, D. C., and a copy to each member of Utah's Congressional delegation, and that a further copy be sent to the Special Senatorial Investigating Committee, now in session, in care of General O'Ryan, legal counsel. Moved by F. W. Taylor that we accept this resolution as presented. Seconded by L. F. Paul, and unanimously carried.

President Landenberger announced the choosing of a place for the meeting of next year as the next business.

D. C. Budge invited the Association to come to Logan. F. H. Raley stated that Dr. George Thomas of the University of Utah had invited the Association to come to the University again. Dr. Worley invited the Association to come to Ogden, the home of the new president. E. G. Hughes moved that we accept the invitation of the Cache Valley Medical Society to meet in Logan next year. Seconded and unanimously carried. Whereupon, the chair announced that the next annual meeting would be held at Logan.

Dr. Hampton, chairman of the committee appointed to talk with Dr. George Thomas of the U. of U. regarding the State Medical School, stated that the time had been too short to do anything and that they would look after this matter later when more time could be given to it.

President Landenberger stated that Dr. Rush had asked that the House of Delegates pass a resolu-

tion regarding the work of the American Society for the Control of Cancer; also that they wished the State Association to help them appoint speakers to aid them in their work.

It was moved, seconded and unanimously carried that Dr. Rush be told that he had the unanimous support of the State Association in his work, and that we would do all possible to aid and help the American Society for the Control of Cancer.

Moved by F. A. Goeltz, seconded and carried, that all matters of credentials be left with the Credentials Committee, to be later passed on by the Council. Seconded and carried.

The question of dues was raised by F. F. Hatch, who moved that the \$8 dues be reduced to \$4. The secretary stated that the dues were raised to \$8 at the last meeting of the House of Delegates by a four-fifths vote of the house, and that they would stay at \$8 unless changed by a majority vote. Dr. Hatch's motion was seconded, and, upon a rising vote, was lost, the dues remaining at \$8.

Dr. H. P. Kirtley stated that, in connection with his report as chairman of the Committee on Professional Welfare and Ethics, he would like to include President Landenberger's address given at the banquet, and moved that the president's address be included with the report of the Committee on Professional Welfare and Ethics, and a copy of it be sent to the component county societies. Seconded and carried unanimously.

Moved by Homer E. Rich that the secretary forward to each member of the State Association the substance of the pledge made at the banquet in connection with President Landenberger's report, these pledges to be signed and returned to the Association. D. C. Budge stated he did not think it would be good policy to put this in writing, and Dr. Rich withdrew his motion.

Moved by Fred W. Taylor that the officers of the past year be given a vote of thanks for their splendid work during the past year; seconded by D. C. Budge and carried unanimously.

Upon motion, duly seconded and carried, meeting adjourned sine die.

MEDICAL WOMEN'S NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

The ninth annual meeting of the Medical Women's National Association was held in San Francisco, June 25 and 26, in conjunction with the American Medical Association meetings, Grace N. Kimball, president; Kate Campbell Mead, president-elect. At the open session, Monday evening, Ray Lyman Wilbur, president-elect of the A. M. A., delivered an eloquent and inspiring address on the power of the minority.

At the open session, Tuesday morning, a five-year program was presented by the executive committee and council, and was adopted. This program is under five heads:

1. Continuation of the work of the Committee on Medical Service, American Women's Hospitals; Esther P. Lovejoy, M. D., chairman, 637 Madison avenue, New York.

2. Federation of Medical Women's Organizations with the Medical Women's National Association, under Organization Committee; Gertrude A. Walker, chairman, Whitefield, N. H.

3. Public Health, co-operating with A. M. A. Council on Health and Public Instruction, Hygiene, and Women's Foundation for Health, etc.; Elizabeth B. Thelberg, M. D., chairman, Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

4. Committee for Medical Opportunities for Women; Sue Radcliff, M. D., chairman, 21 Morris street, Yonkers, N. Y. Internships for young graduate members of the M. W. N. A., in hospitals conducted by the American Women's Hospitals; in Missionary hospitals and in hospitals in U. S. A., as well as opportunities for private practice, service on boards of health, Government appointments, etc.

5. Publicity for the Medical Women's National Association through the Bulletin and an editorial staff, consisting of the president and executive committee, president-elect, and an editor-in-chief. Grace N. Kimball, M. D., Poughkeepsie, N. Y., was appointed editor-in-chief.

The Bulletin, which was published quarterly last year, will be continued as the official organ of the association and sent to all members of the M. W. N. A.

An amendment to the constitution was passed, providing for Group Membership. This was in response to proposals for federation made last year by certain State societies of medical women. Under the Group Membership amendment, organizations of women whose basis of membership conforms to that of the M. W. N. A., viz., membership in the A. M. A., may join the national as group members: Kansas State Medical Women's Society; New York State Medical Women's Society; Connecticut State Medical Women's Society; Portland, Ore., State Medical Women's Club, affiliated through their representatives at the San Francisco meeting.

The Nebraska, Los Angeles and New England Medical Women's societies signified their desire to take action regarding affiliation.

The M. W. N. A. had a most interesting exhibit. Booth E of the A. M. A., scientific and educational exhibits, showing the work of the American Women's Hospitals in Greece and Serbia. Twenty hospitals and a large number of dispensaries are being run by this committee of the M. W. N. A. in Greece alone, under the directorship of Dr. Mabel Elliott, New York Headquarters, 637 Madison avenue, New York; Dr. Esther P. Lovejoy, Executive Secretary.

Four periods on the A. M. A. moving picture theater were assigned to the National—a film of Work in Greece, Crete and the Quarantine Work on Macronessi Islands, shown by Esther Lovejoy; and slides of hospital and surgical work in Serbia, under Etta Gray.

Kate Campbell Mead, of Middleton, Conn., was installed as president. Katherine C. Manion, of Port Huron, Mich., was chosen president-elect.

The following officers and councilors were elected: First Vice President, Martha Welpton, San Diego; Second Vice President, Marjory J. Potter, San Diego; Third Vice President, Florence W. Duckering, Boston, Mass.; Secretary, Jessie W. Fisher, Middletown, Conn.; Treasurer, L. Rose H. Gantt, Spartanburg, S. C.

The 1924 annual meeting of the Medical Women's National Association will be held in Chicago.

ECHOES FROM SAN FRANCISCO

Referring to it as a three-ring circus but faintly expresses the COMBINED CALIFORNIA CONGLOMERATE.

And yet everything was done decently and in order.

Of course, no swivel-eyed human yet created could see everything.

The Hospital Clinics were of a high order.

Several of the side shows, such as the American Therapeutic Society and the Society for the Study of the Internal Secretions, were by themselves worth a trip to San Francisco.

That Alameda County Barbecue was an event that will cling to the palate of our memory for many a day.

And, Oh Boy, it was too bad that you had to miss those wonderful sessions of the M. W. N. A. Cheer up, the Bulletin will let you in on some of it.